

第 = + 七讲 (2026.6.3)

①

Def $X \neq \emptyset$

如果函数 $\mu^*: 2^X \rightarrow [0, +\infty]$ s.t.

(i) $\mu^*(\emptyset) = 0$

(ii) (单调性) $E_1 \subset E_2 \Rightarrow \mu^*(E_1) \leq \mu^*(E_2)$

(iii) (可数次可加性) $\mu^*\left(\bigcup_{k=1}^{\infty} E_k\right) \leq \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \mu^*(E_k)$

则称 μ^* 为 X 上的一个外测度.

Def 设 μ^* 为 X 上的外测度, $E \subset X$.

如果

$$\mu^*(A) = \mu^*(A \cap E) + \mu^*(A \cap E^c)$$

$$\forall A \subset X \text{ (试验集)}$$

则称 E 为 μ^* -可测集.

Remark: 上述条件称为卡拉泰奥多里条件 (Carathéodory)

设 $E \subset \mathbb{R}^n$ 有界, $\Rightarrow \exists Q$ s.t. $E \subset Q$

设 $Q \setminus E \subset \bigcup_{k=1}^{\infty} Q_k$

$$\Rightarrow Q \setminus \left(\bigcup_{k=1}^{\infty} Q_k \right) \subset E \quad (2)$$

“测度”:

$$\begin{aligned} \mu_*(E) &\stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \sup \left\{ |Q| - \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} |Q_k| : Q \setminus E \subset \bigcup_{k=1}^{\infty} Q_k \right\} \\ &= |Q| - \inf \left\{ \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} |Q_k| : Q \setminus E \subset \bigcup_{k=1}^{\infty} Q_k \right\} \\ &= |Q| - \mu^*(Q \setminus E) \end{aligned}$$

$$\mu^*(E) = \mu_*(E) \Leftrightarrow |Q| = \mu^*(E) + \mu^*(Q \setminus E)$$

Thm (Caratheodory)

(i) $\mathcal{M} \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \{ \mu^*\text{-可测集} \}$ 是 X 上的 σ -代数

(ii) $\mu \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \mu^*|_{\mathcal{M}}$ 是一个完备测度

(称 (X, \mathcal{M}, μ) 完备是指: μ -零集的子集即可测)

Pf: Step 1 \mathcal{M} 是代数.

只需证: \mathcal{M} 对有限并封闭. i.e.

$$\forall E_1, E_2 \in \mathcal{M}.$$

$$E_1 \cup E_2 \in \mathcal{M}.$$

i.e. $\forall A \subset X$ ③

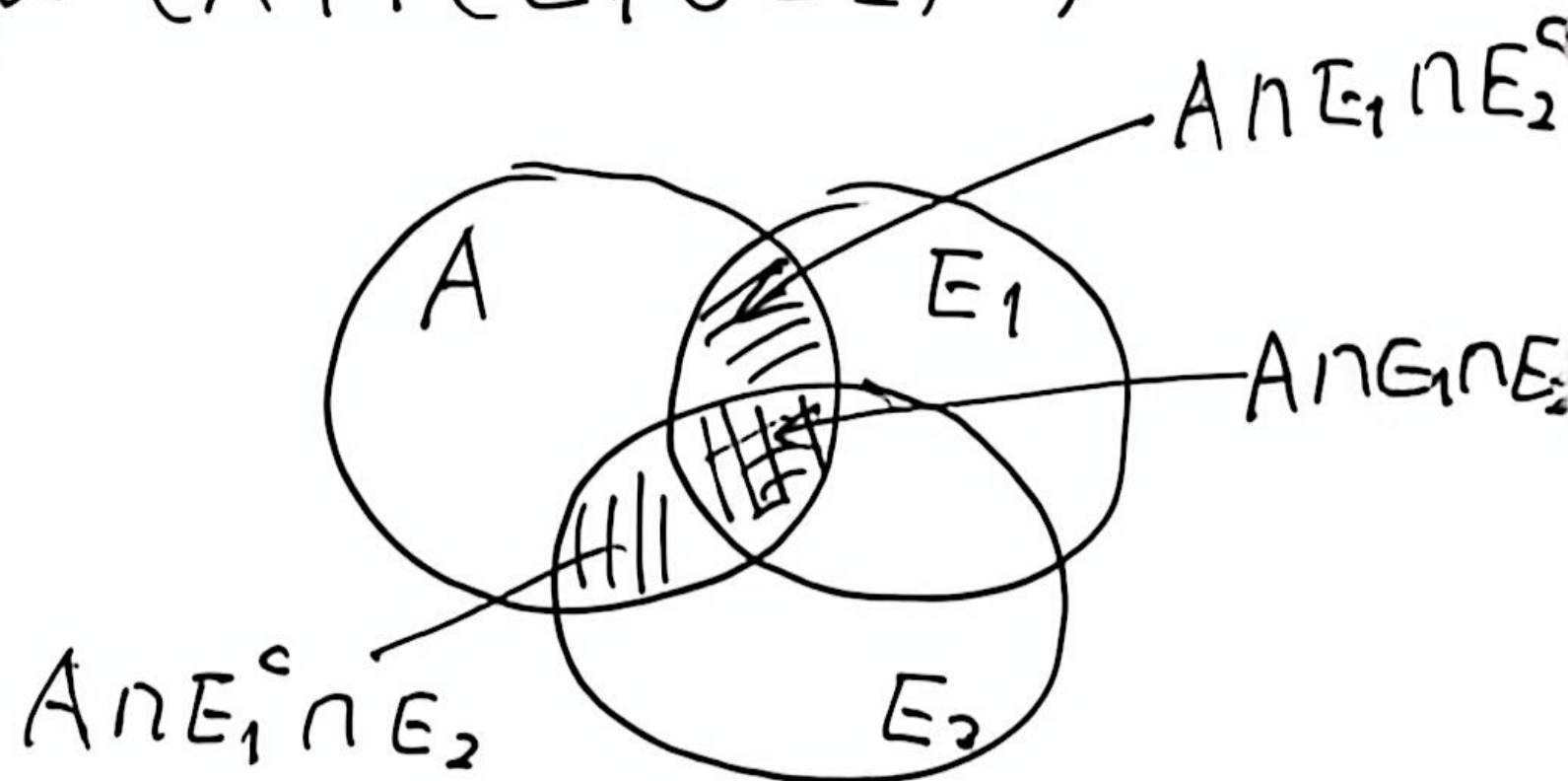
$$\mu^*(A) = \mu^*(A \cap (E_1 \cup E_2)) + \mu^*(A \cap (E_1 \cup E_2)^c)$$

LHS \leq RHS \because 次可加性 \geq \leq

$$\begin{aligned} \mu^*(A) &= \mu^*(A \cap E_1) + \mu^*(A \cap E_1^c) \\ &= \mu^*(A \cap E_1 \cap E_2) + \mu^*(A \cap E_1 \cap E_2^c) \\ &\quad + \mu^*(A \cap E_1^c \cap E_2) + \underbrace{\mu^*(A \cap E_1^c \cap E_2^c)}_{A \cap (E_1 \cup E_2)^c} \end{aligned}$$

$$\geq \mu^*(A \cap (E_1 \cup E_2)) + \mu^*(A \cap (E_1 \cup E_2)^c)$$

\uparrow
次可加性



Step 2 $\mu^*|_{\mathcal{M}}$ 在 \mathbb{R} 可加

设 $\begin{cases} E_1, E_2 \in \mathcal{M} \\ E_1 \cap E_2 = \emptyset \end{cases}$

$$\begin{aligned} \mu^*(E_1 \sqcup E_2) &= \underbrace{\mu^*((E_1 \sqcup E_2) \cap E_1)}_{E_1} + \underbrace{\mu^*((E_1 \sqcup E_2) \cap E_1^c)}_{E_2} \end{aligned}$$

Step 3 \mathcal{M} 的 σ -代数

设 $E_k \in \mathcal{M}, k=1, 2, \dots$

不妨设它们互不相交: $(\text{互不相交}) \begin{cases} \tilde{E}_1 = E_1 \\ \tilde{E}_k = E_k \setminus \bigcup_{j=1}^{k-1} E_j \\ k \geq 2 \end{cases}$

Claim $\mu^*(A \cap (\bigcup_{k=1}^n E_k)) = \sum_{k=1}^n \mu^*(A \cap E_k)$

$\forall A \subset X, \forall n \in \mathbb{N}.$

(Note: 不相交由 Step 2 的 \mathcal{M} 的 σ -代数性质. $\therefore A \cap E_k \in \mathcal{M}$)

$n=1$ 时平凡

假设对 $n=N$ 成立.

当 $n=N+1$ 时

$\mu^*(A \cap (\bigcup_{k=1}^{N+1} E_k))$

$= \underbrace{\mu^*(A \cap (\bigcup_{k=1}^{N+1} E_k) \cap E_{N+1})}_{A \cap E_{N+1}} + \underbrace{\mu^*(A \cap (\bigcup_{k=1}^{N+1} E_k) \cap E_{N+1}^c)}_{A \cap (\bigcup_{k=1}^N E_k)}$

$= \mu^*(A \cap E_{N+1}) + \sum_{k=1}^N \mu^*(A \cap E_k)$ (由归纳假设)

$= \sum_{k=1}^{N+1} \mu^*(A \cap E_k)$

exists, $\{$

$$E = \bigsqcup_{k=1}^{\infty} E_k$$

(5)

$$\forall A \subset X, \quad \forall n \in \mathbb{N}$$

$$\sum_{k=1}^n \mu^*(A \cap E_k) + \mu^*(A \cap E^c)$$

$$\leq \sum_{k=1}^n \mu^*(A \cap E_k) + \mu^*(A \cap (\bigsqcup_{k=1}^n E_k)^c)$$

by claim

$$= \mu^*(A \cap (\bigsqcup_{k=1}^n E_k)) + \mu^*(A \cap (\bigsqcup_{k=1}^n E_k)^c)$$

$$= \mu^*(A) \quad (\because \bigsqcup_{k=1}^n E_k \in \mathcal{M} \text{ by step 1})$$

$$\xrightarrow{n \rightarrow \infty} \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \mu^*(A \cap E_k) + \mu^*(A \cap E^c) \leq \mu^*(A)$$

(☆)

$$\Rightarrow \mu^*(A) \leq \mu^*(A \cap E) + \mu^*(A \cap E^c)$$
$$\leq \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \mu^*(A \cap E_k) + \mu^*(A \cap E^c)$$

$$\leq \mu^*(A)$$

$$\Rightarrow \mu^*(A) = \mu^*(A \cap E) + \mu^*(A \cap E^c)$$

$$\Rightarrow E \in \mathcal{M}.$$

Step 4 $\mu \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \mu^* |_{\mathcal{M}}$ 可数可加

(5)

从而 μ^* 可数可加.

设 $E_k \in \mathcal{M}$, $k=1, 2, \dots$ 互不相交.

$$\text{令 } E \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \bigsqcup_{k=1}^{\infty} E_k$$

Step 3 $\Rightarrow \mu^*(A) = \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \mu^*(A \cap E_k) + \mu^*(A \cap E^c)$

取 $A = E$ $\Rightarrow \mu^*(E) = \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \mu^*(E_k)$ $\forall A \subset X.$

Step 5 μ 完备

只需证: $\forall E$ with $\mu^*(E) = 0$

$$\Rightarrow E \in \mathcal{M}.$$

$$\forall A \subset X.$$

$$\mu^*(A) \leq \underbrace{\mu^*(A \cap E)}_{=0} + \mu^*(A \cap E^c) \leq \mu^*(A)$$

$$\Rightarrow E \in \mathcal{M}.$$

Def 设 \mathcal{A} 是 X 上的代数

如 $\mu_0: \mathcal{A} \rightarrow [0, +\infty]$ s.t.

(i) $\mu_0(\emptyset) = 0$

(ii) $\forall A_k \in \mathcal{A}, k=1, 2, \dots$ 互不相交 with $\bigsqcup_{k=1}^{\infty} A_k \in \mathcal{A}$,

$$\mu_0\left(\bigsqcup_{k=1}^{\infty} A_k\right) = \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \mu_0(A_k)$$

则 μ_0 是 X 上的一个预测度 (premeasure).

Remark: (ii) \Rightarrow $\begin{cases} \text{单调性} \\ \text{有限可加性} \end{cases}$

Thm \mathcal{A} 是 X 上的代数

$\mu_0: \mathcal{A} \rightarrow [0, +\infty]$ 为预测度.

对 $E \subset X$, 令

$$\mu^*(E) \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \inf \left\{ \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \mu_0(A_k) : A_k \in \mathcal{A}, k=1, 2, \dots \right. \\ \left. E \subset \bigcup_{k=1}^{\infty} A_k \right\}$$

(?) (i) μ^* 是 X 上的测度

$$(ii) \mu^*|_{\mathcal{A}} = \mu_0$$

$$(iii) \mathcal{A} \subset \mathcal{M} \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \{ \mu^* - \overline{\mu} | \mu \in \mathcal{M} \}$$

$$(iv) \mu \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \mu^* |_{\mathcal{M}} \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \mu^* |_{\mathcal{A}}$$

(v) 如 $\mu \in \mathcal{M} \perp \mu_0$ with

$$\mu|_{\mathcal{A}} = \mu_0,$$

$$\mu \leq \mu_0$$

(注) 如 $\mu(E) < \infty$, 则

$$\mu(E) = \mu_0(E).$$

Pf (i) 只需证可数可加性

设 $E_k \subset X$, $k=1, 2, \dots$, 不妨设

$$\mu^*(E_k) < +\infty, \quad \forall k$$

$\forall \varepsilon > 0$, $\forall E_k$, $\exists A_j^{(k)} \in \mathcal{A}$, $j=1, 2, \dots$

s.t.

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} E_k \supset \bigcup_{j=1}^{\infty} A_j^{(k)} \\ \sum_{j=1}^{\infty} \mu_0(A_j^{(k)}) < \mu^*(E_k) + \frac{\varepsilon}{2^k} \end{array} \right.$$

$$\begin{aligned} \Rightarrow \mu^* \left(\bigcup_{k=1}^{\infty} E_k \right) &\leq \sum_{k,j} \mu_0(A_j^{(k)}) \\ &\leq \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \left[\mu^*(E_k) + \frac{\varepsilon}{2^k} \right] \\ &= \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \mu^*(E_k) + \varepsilon \end{aligned}$$

(ii) 设 $E \in \mathcal{A}$. (?)

$$\mu^*(E) \leq \mu_0(E) \quad \left(\because \{E\} \stackrel{1}{\sim} E \right)$$

(覆盖)

另一方面,

$$\forall A_k \in \mathcal{A}, k=1, 2, \dots, \text{ with } E \subset \bigcup_{k=1}^{\infty} A_k.$$

$$\begin{cases} E_1 \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} E \cap A_1 \\ E_k \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} E \cap \left(A_k \setminus \bigcup_{j=1}^{k-1} A_j \right), \quad k \geq 2 \end{cases}$$

$\Rightarrow E_k \in \mathcal{A}, k=1, 2, \dots$ 互不相交.

$$\bigsqcup_{k=1}^{\infty} E_k = E \in \mathcal{A}$$

$$\Rightarrow \mu_0(E) = \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \mu_0(E_k) \leq \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \mu_0(A_k)$$

(单调性)

\Rightarrow

$$\mu_0(E) \leq \mu^*(E)$$

(10)